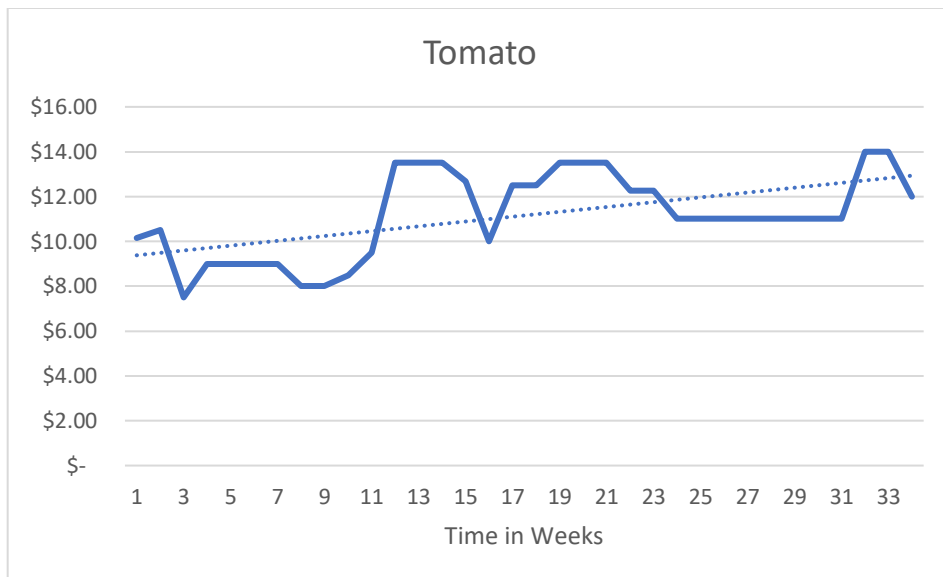
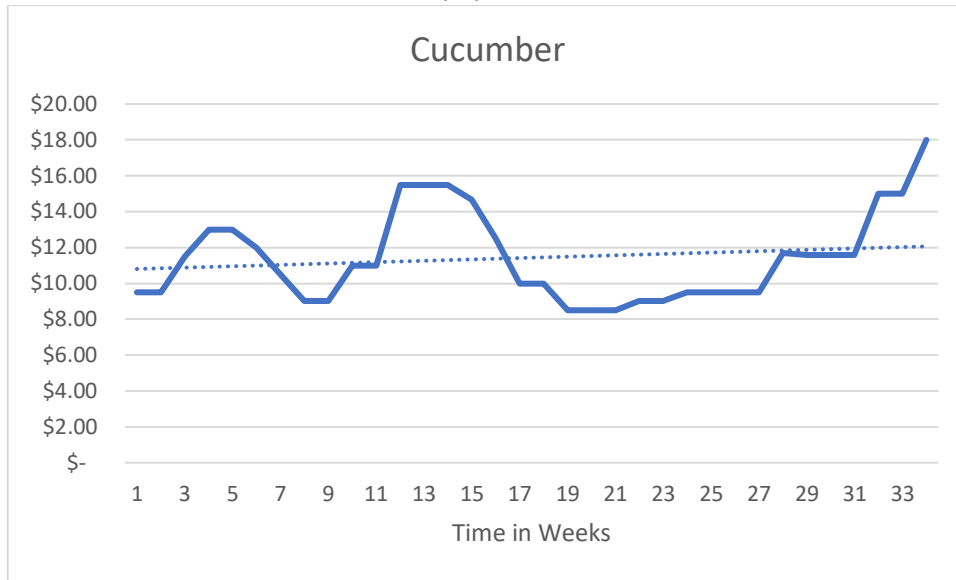


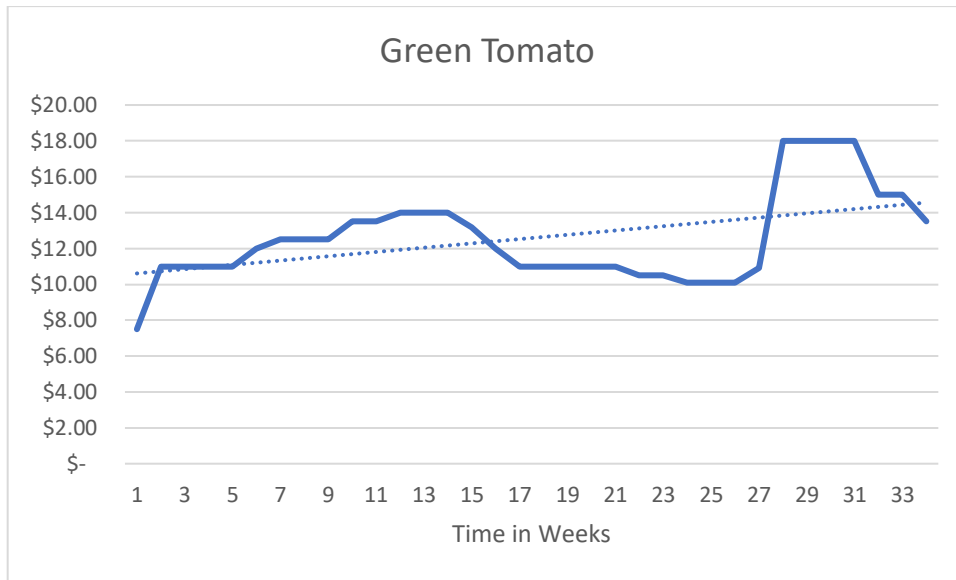
Onions should be purchased 24-26 at a time if you are trying to minimize the price/unit. After 30, prices go up but aside from that prices are relatively stagnant.



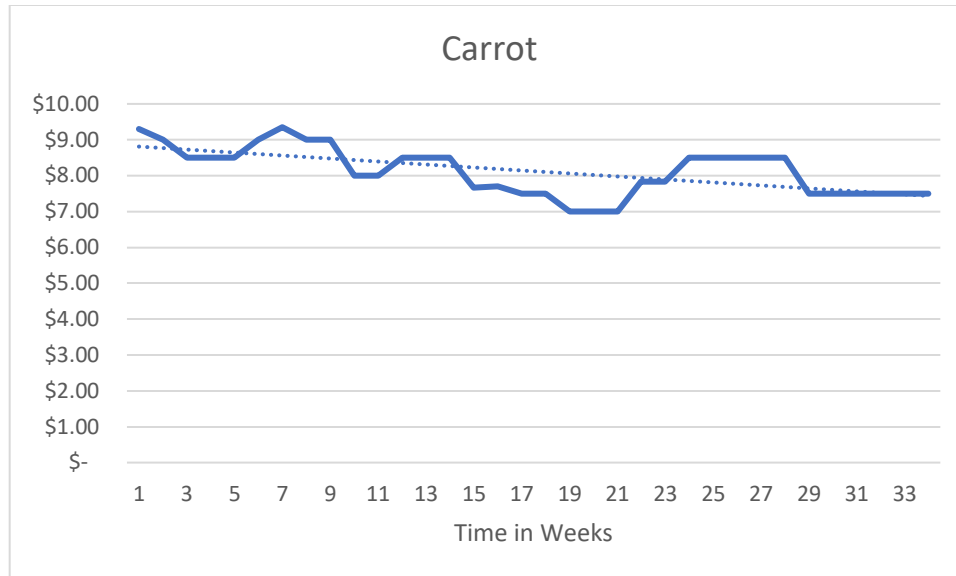
Tomatoes also increase in price as quantity goes up. To get the best price/unit, you should buy 3, 8, or 9.



Cucumber's prices seem to be highly volatile. The best quantity to purchase is between 19-21 if focusing on a price/unit basis. After that, prices go way higher (from \$10 to \$18).



The optimal amount of Green Tomatoes to buy is 25, if you are trying to purchase the most amount of green tomatoes for the least amount of money. The more you purchase, the more it costs per unit, but between 17 and 27, the prices are lower than the trendline.



All of the vegetables have relatively stagnant prices. Surprisingly, the purchase prices for all of the vegetables, excluding carrots, increase when you buy more. Traditionally, prices would go down with a larger purchase amount. Because of this, I think that it makes the most sense to buy carrots over the other vegetables. As you increase the amount of carrots purchased, you are decreasing the cost per carrot. It is the only chart with a decreasing cost/unit trendline.